Grow a Greener Garden

Garden and Landscape Plant Finder

Dark Eyes Mullein

Verbascum 'Dark Eyes'



Dark Eyes Mullein flowers
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



Dark Eyes Mullein flowers
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Plant Height: 8 inches

Flower Height: 12 inches

Spread: 10 inches

Spacing: 8 inches

Sunlight: ○

Hardiness Zone: 5a

Ornamental Features

Dark Eyes Mullein has masses of beautiful spikes of buttery yellow flowers with dark red eyes rising above the foliage from mid spring to mid summer, which are most effective when planted in groupings. The flowers are excellent for cutting. Its crinkled oval leaves remain grayish green in color throughout the season.

Landscape Attributes

Dark Eyes Mullein is an herbaceous perennial with tall flower stalks held atop a low mound of foliage. Its medium texture blends into the garden, but can always be balanced by a couple of finer or coarser plants for an effective composition.

This plant will require occasional maintenance and upkeep, and should be cut back in late fall in preparation for winter. Deer don't particularly care for this plant and will usually leave it alone in favor of tastier treats. Gardeners should be aware of the following characteristic(s) that may warrant special consideration;

- Self-Seeding

Dark Eyes Mullein is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Mass Planting
- Border Edging
- General Garden Use
- Naturalizing And Woodland Gardens

BRUNSWICK
422 Bath Road
Brunswick, ME 04011
1-800-339-8111
207-442-8111

FALMOUTH
89 Foreside Road
Falmouth, ME 04105
1-800-244-3860
207-781-3860

CUMBERLAND
201 Gray Rd (Route 100)
Cumberland, ME 04021
1-800-348-8498
207-829-5619

Planting & Growing

Dark Eyes Mullein will grow to be about 8 inches tall at maturity extending to 12 inches tall with the flowers, with a spread of 10 inches. When grown in masses or used as a bedding plant, individual plants should be spaced approximately 8 inches apart. Its foliage tends to remain low and dense right to the ground. It grows at a fast rate, and tends to be biennial, meaning that it puts on vegetative growth the first year, flowers the second, and then dies. However, this variety tends to self-seed and will thereby endure for years in the garden if allowed, although because it is a hybrid, the seedlings may not come true to type. As an herbaceous perennial, this plant will usually die back to the crown each winter, and will regrow from the base each spring. Be careful not to disturb the crown in late winter when it may not be readily seen!

This plant should only be grown in full sunlight. It prefers dry to average moisture levels with very well-drained soil, and will often die in standing water. It is considered to be drought-tolerant, and thus makes an ideal choice for a low-water garden or xeriscape application. It is not particular as to soil pH, but grows best in poor soils. It is highly tolerant of urban pollution and will even thrive in inner city environments. This particular variety is an interspecific hybrid. It can be propagated by cuttings; however, as a cultivated variety, be aware that it may be subject to certain restrictions or prohibitions on propagation.