Grow a Greener Garden

Garden and Landscape Plant Finder

Molly Fordham Rhododendron

Rhododendron 'Molly Fordham'



Molly Fordham Rhododendron flowers
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Height: 4 feet

Spread: 4 feet

Sunlight: ○ ◐

Hardiness Zone: 4b

Description:

A compact, slow growing evergreen shrub featuring white flowers with a faint pink blush; this upright rounded grower absolutely must have well-drained, highly acidic and organic soil, use plenty of peat moss when planting

Ornamental Features

Molly Fordham Rhododendron is smothered in stunning clusters of white trumpet-shaped flowers with shell pink streaks at the ends of the branches in mid spring. It has dark green evergreen foliage. The narrow leaves remain dark green throughout the winter.

Landscape Attributes

Molly Fordham Rhododendron is an open multi-stemmed evergreen shrub with an upright spreading habit of growth. Its relatively coarse texture can be used to stand it apart from other landscape plants with finer foliage.

This is a relatively low maintenance shrub, and should only be pruned after flowering to avoid removing any of the current season's flowers. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Molly Fordham Rhododendron is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Accent
- Mass Planting
- General Garden Use



Molly Fordham Rhododendron in bloom
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

BRUNSWICK
422 Bath Road
Brunswick, ME 04011
1-800-339-8111
207-442-8111

FALMOUTH
89 Foreside Road
Falmouth, ME 04105
1-800-244-3860
207-781-3860

CUMBERLAND
201 Gray Rd (Route 100)
Cumberland, ME 04021
1-800-348-8498
207-829-5619

Planting & Growing

Molly Fordham Rhododendron will grow to be about 4 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 4 feet. It tends to be a little leggy, with a typical clearance of 1 foot from the ground. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for 40 years or more.

This shrub does best in full sun to partial shade. You may want to keep it away from hot, dry locations that receive direct afternoon sun or which get reflected sunlight, such as against the south side of a white wall. It requires an evenly moist well-drained soil for optimal growth, but will die in standing water. It is very fussy about its soil conditions and must have rich, acidic soils to ensure success, and is subject to chlorosis (yellowing) of the foliage in alkaline soils. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution, and will benefit from being planted in a relatively sheltered location. Consider applying a thick mulch around the root zone in winter to protect it in exposed locations or colder microclimates. This particular variety is an interspecific hybrid.